# **Building a Comprehensive Enrollment Management Research Capacity: A Tale of Two Cultures**

9:15 am-10:45 am

Hamilton/Indian River Session ID 760

DePaul University's Enrollment Management & Marketing division merged the enrollment management and institutional research offices to forge a comprehensive research capacity, linking the understanding of student markets with degree progress and academic program capacity analysis. Success depended on effectively harnessing the friction created by joining offices of very different cultures. We will discuss this merger and examples of the resulting strategic enrollment management research.

# Building a Comprehensive Enrollment Management Research Capacity:

### A Tale of Two Cultures

Presented by:

**David Kalsbeek** 

Liz Sanders

**DePaul University** 

**AACRAO SEM Conference 2012, Orlando FLA** 





Forget t-shirts! In the 40s, these Demons showed their spirit with bibs.

« Previous Image 13 of 22 Next »

CLOSE 🗶

## Background





### **DePaul University Overview**

- Located in Chicago, Illinois
- Founded in 1898
- Nation's largest Catholic university
  - 24,966 students in 2012
  - 55% of enrollment is FT undergrad
- Diverse student body
  - 31% of 2,593 new freshmen are first-generation students
  - 34% of freshmen are students of color
  - Throughout the fiscal year, we enroll as many new transfers as freshmen
  - Approximate 7,500 graduate students are predominantly master's level; law school enrolls around 1,000 students.

## FACT FILE 1979-1984

PHASE 1 of Strategic **Enrollment Management:** 

**1984-1996**: DePaul was indeed one of the early adopters of enrollment management...

in American higher education...

#### CREATING A LEARNING ORGANIZATION

In plenary addresses at the American Association of Collegiate Registrars and Admissions Officers' SEM conferences over the past fifteen years, I have suggested that SEM is about creating learning organizations, recognizing that the most critical strategic advantage lies in the capabilities of an organization to create and use knowledge (Kalsbeek 1997). The most successful examples of SEM in colleges and universities nationwide share at least this element: they are committed to a sustained and systemic process for the creation, dissemination, and use of knowledge, to routine analysis, assessment, and evaluation, to the development of an organizational culture of evidence.

## DePaul's History

Long history of robust and well-resourced IR office

Early adoption of EM in mid 1980s

Substantial investment in EM research

Belief that SEM relies on commitment to creation, dissemination and use of knowledge

## **EMR Strengths**

## **OIPR Strengths**

Divisional Reputation

Institutional Reputation

Action researchers

- IR professionals
- Admission/aid data infrastructure
- Enrollment data infrastructure

Push and pull reporting mechanisms

Push reporting mechanisms

 Market position and benchmarking

- University perspective
- Enrollment projections

Commitment to
Collaborative
Culture of Evidence



#### **EMR Strengths**

- **Divisional Reputation**
- Action researchers
- Admission data infrastructure
- Push and pull reporting mechanisms
- Scanning and benchmark

#### **OIPR Strengths**

- Institutional Reputation
- IR professionals
- Enrollment data infrastructure
- Push reporting mechanisms
- University perspective

Commitment to **Cohesive Culture** of Evidence

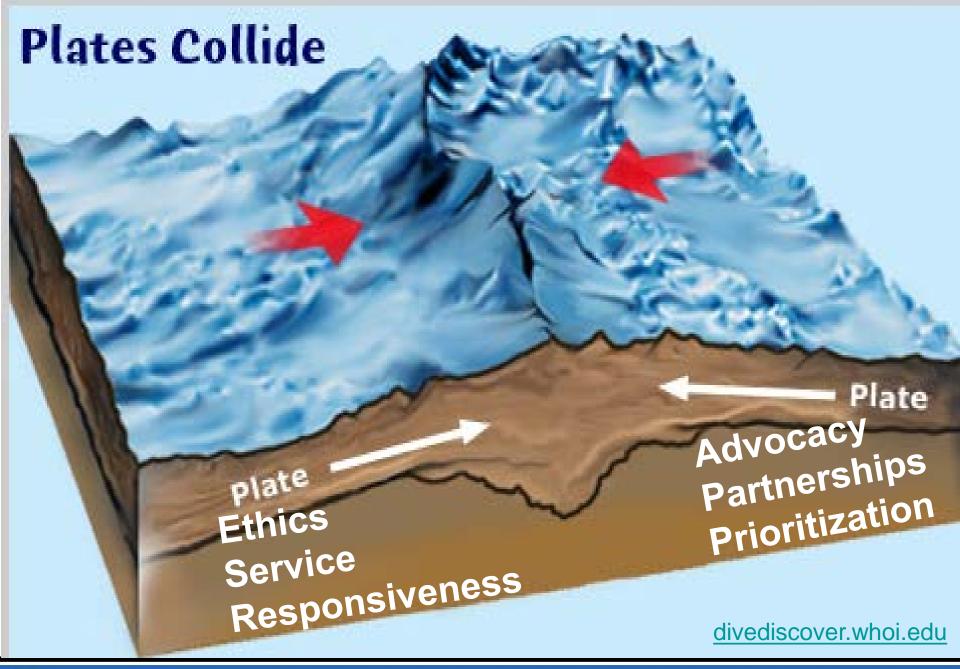
## **EMR Culture**

- Fast-paced action research considers partner's needs
- Annual research agendas
- Business analysts
- Aligned with marketing strategy Reflective, 'objective' approach

### **OIPR** Culture

- Regular reporting and serviceoriented research
- Responsive to requests
- PhD researchers

**Handout Slide** 



## Institutional Research & Market Analytics (IRMA)

Vision & Operating Principles

"We will frame and inform the institutional strategic dialogue, building a culture of evidence in support of planning and management, as agents of change at DePaul and in higher education generally."

- Provide usable data
- Go beyond the obvious
- Demonstrate a strategic orientation
- Respond with energy and focus
- Provide reliable, accurate information
- Anticipate needs and actively scan environment
- Are consulted as experts



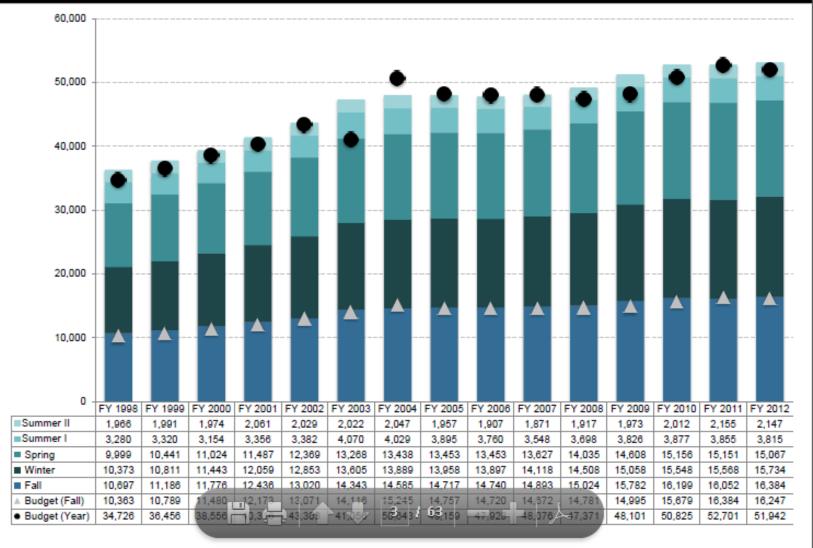
## **Short-term Opportunities**

## **Opportunities**

- Leverage single data source (not glamorous by critical) and technical efficiencies - platform for consolidated portfolio of reports
- Research support to EM and university is broader and deeper, more cross-fertilization and less redundancy
- Change the model from 'client service' to 'research partners' to increase chance that information will percolate in climate of informed discussion
- Gain collaborative colleagues with proclivity for stats and methodology shop talk.



### **Undergraduate Total**



Proprietary & Confidential - Source: IRMA Census Enrollment File, 2011/2012 Data as of 4/14/2012

#### **About Students and the Market Matrix**

About the Market Matrix - Research and data exist to answer questions like those below.

|                                       | Target<br>Market<br>& Inquiries   | Applicants<br>& Admits  | New<br>Students   | All<br>Students   | Degree<br>Recipients<br>/Alumni  |  |
|---------------------------------------|---|---|---|---|--|--|
| Industry<br>and Market                | What programs<br>are high school<br>students or GMAT<br>testers<br>interested in? | Are freshmen<br>applying to more<br>schools?                  | Are freshmen<br>more or less<br>competitive than<br>5 years ago?                | Do students<br>require more<br>mental health<br>services than 5<br>years ago? | What is the time-<br>to-degree for<br>master's students<br>nationally? |  |
| Benchmarks,<br>Competition            | What share of<br>health sciences<br>freshmen apply<br>to DePaul,<br>Loyola?       | Where do<br>admitted non-<br>enrolling<br>students enroll?    | How engaged are<br>DePaul freshmen<br>compared to<br>Catholic peers?            | Is DePaul still<br>the largest<br>Catholic<br>institution in the<br>nation?   | What percent of<br>graduate<br>students are<br>Double Demons?          |  |
| Profile &<br>Patterns                 | What program<br>attributes are<br>inquiries<br>interested in?                     | What is the profile of freshmen applying test optional?       | What are our top<br>transfer feeder<br>schools?                                 | What is the profile of students taking online courses?                        | Who are our new alumni?  |  |
| Student<br>Perceptions                | Why do freshmen<br>go to college?   | What is most<br>important to<br>DePaul admitted<br>transfers? | Why do DePaul<br>freshmen say they<br>go to college?                            | How do students<br>evaluate their<br>academic<br>advising?                    | How do graduates<br>evaluate their<br>DePaul<br>education?             |  |
| Progress,<br>Performance,<br>Outcomes | What proportion<br>of national<br>freshmen<br>graduate in 6<br>years?             | What CPS feeder<br>high schools have<br>the highest yield?    | What % of<br>freshmen<br>complete the 1st<br>year with 2.5 GPA<br>and 48 hours? | What percent of students on probation in 1st year graduate?                   | What percent of<br>bachelor's<br>earners go to grad<br>school?         |  |

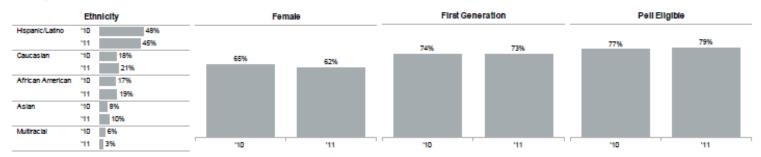
FACTS AND FINDINGS

#### DePaul Freshmen from CPS Total

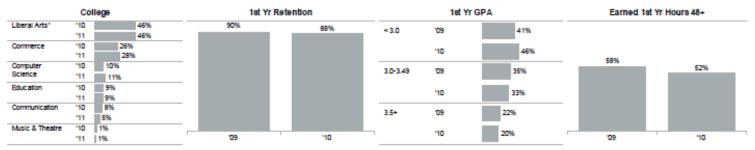
#### Admission Activity (Fall 2010 & Fall 2011)

|                | Apps '10 | Apps '11 | Apps % Chg | Admit '10 | Admit *11 | Admit % Chg | Enroll '10 | Enroll '11 | Enroll % Chg |
|----------------|----------|----------|------------|-----------|-----------|-------------|------------|------------|--------------|
| CPS Total      | 1,913    | 2,833    | 48%        | 1,031     | 1,313     | 27%         | 304        | 298        | -2%          |
| Total Freshmen | 12,031   | 16,711   | 39%        | 8,281     | 10,714    | 29%         | 2,241      | 2,458      | 10%          |

#### Demographic Profile of Enrolled Students



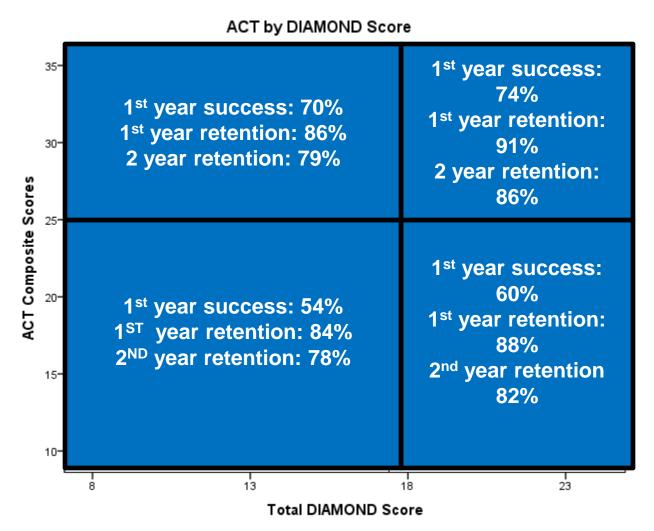
#### Academic Profile of Enrolled Students



<sup>~</sup> Part of the IRMA Enrollment Report Suite

<sup>&</sup>quot; in 2011, DePaul created the College of Science and Health, this college and Liberal Arts and Social Sciences are combined into "Liberal Arts" on this report to be consistent with the previous year.

## Students with higher than average DIAMOND scores have greater retention whether ACT is above or below average.



Horizontal line represents average ACT score, vertical line represents average DIAMOND score.

| Engage                                   |        | Total Student Headcount by                      |                     |                      |                      |                      |  |  |
|--|--------|---|---------------------|----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|--|--|
| ment                                     | Year 1 | Level of Engagement and First Year Performance* |                     |                      |                      |                      |  |  |
| Level Perf                               |        |   |                     |                      |                      |                      |  |  |
| High High<br>Mod                         |        | 366   | 302                 | 163                  | 140                  | <b>137</b>           |  |  |
|  |        | 118   | <b>1</b> 01         | <b>6</b> 5           | <b>o</b> 55          | <b>○</b> 52          |  |  |
|  | Low    | <b>9</b> 52                                     | <b>o</b> 50         | <b>9</b> 29          | <b>2</b> 0           | <b>•</b> 17          |  |  |
| Mod                                      | High   | 867   | 766                 | 462                  | 409                  | 390                  |  |  |
|  | Mod    | 219   | 198                 | 130                  | <b>1</b> 06          | 93                   |  |  |
|  | Low    | <b>1</b> 45                                     | <b>1</b> 30         | <b>)</b> 79          | <b>6</b> 1           | <b>5</b> 1           |  |  |
| Low                                      | High   | 422   | 371                 | 233                  | 194                  | 179                  |  |  |
|  | Mod    | <b>168</b>                                      | <b>1</b> 53         | <b>1</b> 00          | <b>0</b> 85          | <b>6</b> 8           |  |  |
|  | Low    | 148   | <b>137</b>          | 91                   | <b>6</b> 2           | <b>4</b> 7           |  |  |
|  |        | Year 2<br>Retention                             | Year 3<br>Retention | Year 4<br>Graduation | Year 5<br>Graduation | Year 6<br>Graduation |  |  |
| *excluding Barat, Music, Theatre and SNL |        |   |                     |                      |                      |                      |  |  |

\*excluding Barat, Music, Theatre and SNL

Building proactive partnerships and assessment feedback loops strengthened IR support of academic program review.

How useful were the following documents to the program review process? % Moderately/Very Useful

#### Academic Program Review Feedback Survey Results 30% 40% 50% 60% 70% 80% 90% 100% Unit Ν Program Profile Sciences, CDM, & Humanities 41 MOL, Honors, WRD 9 Liberal Studies Program 16 Business Response to Data 40 Sciences, CDM, & Humanities Before merger 9 MOL, Honors, WRD Liberal Studies Program 16 Business Null Self-Study Plan Sciences, CDM, & Humanities 40 9 MOL, Honors, WRD Liberal Studies Program 16 Business Self-Study Report Sciences, CDM, & Humanities 39 MOL, Honors, WRD 9 Liberal Studies Program 17 4 Business MOU Sciences, CDM, & Humanities 38 MOL, Honors, WRD 8 Liberal Studies Program 17 3 Business 10% 20% 30% 40% 50% 60% 70% 80% 90%

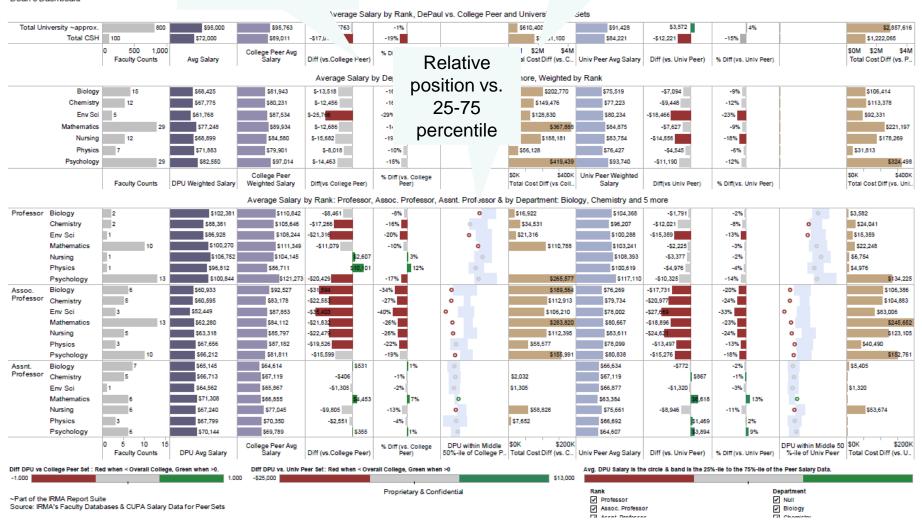
#### SAMPLE DATA

Extremely Sensitive & Confidential FT Comparative Salary by Departmer Dean's Dashboard

Salary gap against college peer set \$ and %

## Dollars to bring salaries to peer median average

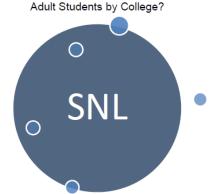




## Mythbusters: 7 Myths About DePaul

IRMA Brown Bag September 2012

Myth #3: Most new adult undergrad in the School for New Learning (



Myth #4: CDM graduate students are more likely to leave DePaul without a degree than students at other DePaul colleges.

It has been suggested that students in computing disciplines are more likely to leave DePaul than those in other disciplines, possibly due to employment opportunities.



17



Featured Stories

Words & Deeds | Quick Hits |

Data Points

**Faculty Profiles** 

#### **Smart Jocks**

"When it comes to stereotypes about student athletes, DePaul is a myth buster," says Joe Filkins, associate director, Institutional Research & Market Analytics.

These numbers from 2011 prove his point:

Five (5) DePaul teams had the top GPA in the Big East: women's basketball, golf, men's soccer, softball, and women's tennis. In fact, even though DePaul participated in the fewest number of sports, we had the greatest number of teams with the top GPAs.

148 of 214 (69 percent) DePaul student-athletes were named to the Big East All-Academic Team.

Two students — Charles Boucher (golf) and Alex Morocco (softball) — received Big East Scholar-Athlete of the Year recognition for their athletic performance, academic success, and community service.

167 of 214 (78 percent) of DePaul student-athletes made the Athletic Director's Honor Roll by earning a GPA of 3.0 (or greater).

130 of 214 (61 percent) made the Dean's List by earning a GPA of 3.5 (or greater).

Golf claimed its second straight Division I Academic National Champion Honor for having the top team GPA in the country.

The current graduation rate for DePaul's freshmen is 63 percent; for student athletes, it's 88 percent. Jean Lenti Ponsetto, athletics director, says DePaul has all the right component parts in place to achieve this remarkable record:

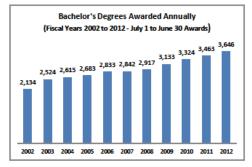
"First, our student-athletes deserve the vast majority of the credit — they do the heavy lifting —their seriousness about academics is backed up with an incredibly strong work ethic...

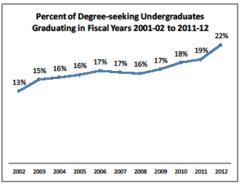


#### IR ABSTRACT

INSIGHTS AND OUTCOMES FROM INSTITUTIONAL RESEARCH AT DEPAUL UNIVERSITY

#### **Growing Proportion of Undergraduates Awarded Degrees Each Year**





DePaul awarded 3,646 bachelor's degrees during the fiscal year 2011-12 [FY12], up from 2,134 in FY02. This is an overall increase of 71 percent in 10 years. At the same time, total degree-seeking undergraduate enrollment increased only 4 percent, from 16,126 students enrolled throughout FY02 to 16,825 students in FY12. As a result, the proportion of degree-seeking students who graduate each year increased, from 13 percent in FY02 to 22 percent in FY12.

The proportion of degrees awarded has increased dramatically since FY08, from 16 to 22 percent, after several years of relative stability. The number of degrees awarded increased 25 percent while degree-seeking undergraduate enrollment decreased by 5 percent. Compared to FY08, degrees awarded in FY12 were up in most colleges:

- 60 percent increase in Computing and Digital Media
- 59 percent in Communication
- 44 percent increase in the Theatre School
- 25 percent increase in College of Science Health
- 23 percent increase in College of Business
- 17 percent increase in School for New Learning, and
- 15 percent in Liberal Arts and Social Sciences.

Only two colleges did not show increases in FY12 when compared to FY08. The College of Education was flat while the School of Music awarded 9 fewer degrees, a 16 percent decline.

Source: IRMA Census Analysis Cube and Fact File. Fiscal year represents summer through spring—July1 to June 30. The number of undergraduates are unduplicated across terms to sum to a total fiscal year unique student count and are degree-seeking only.



#### MARKET SHARE

INFORMATION ON DEPAUL UNIVERSITY'S MARKET PROMINENCE, POSITION AND PERFORMANCE

#### When Do Parents Start Saving for College?

In January 2012, parents of fall 2011 freshmen who had filed a Free Application for Federal Student Aid (FAFSA) were surveyed about financing their child's college education (85 percent of the 2011 freshman class submitted a FAFSA). The survey included questions about when parents began to save for college as well as parents' own educational attainment.

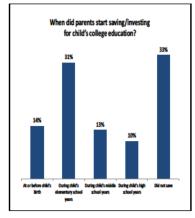
Results showed that nearly half of families (45 percent) began saving in the early years, at or before the child's birth or in elementary school. Nearly a quarter of families (23 percent) started saving during the child's middle school or high school years. A third of families (33 percent)

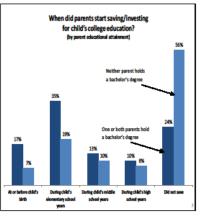
reporting not saving for college.

These percentages differed dramatically by parents' educational attainment. About a half of families with one or two parents holding a bachelor's degree (52 percent) reported beginning to save in the early years, compared to a quarter of families where neither parent held a degree (26 percent).

Issue 89-May 2012

Conversely, a quarter of families (24 percent) where one or both parents held a bachelor's degree reported not saving for college, compared to twice this percent (56 percent) in families where neither held a bachelor's degree.





Notes: The percent of FAFSA filers calculation does not include freshmen in select programs: Theatre, Music, Athletics or tuition exchange students. The 'Did not save' response was calculated from the 'not applicable' option on the survey item: "When did you start saving/investing for your child's college education, if at all?"

Source: 2011-12 HCRC Family Education Finance Study, IRMA

## Focused on our vision and operating principles...

- Frame and inform institutional dialogue
- Create a culture of evidence
- Change agent
- Provide usable data
- Go beyond the obvious
- Demonstrate a strategic orientation
- Respond with energy and focus
- Provide reliable, accurate information
- Anticipate needs and actively scan environment
- Are consulted as experts

## Observations & Learning

- IR is a valuable contributor to SEM
- Researchers need to shift the paradigm: from client service to proactive partnership
  - Need to understand the business to connect the dots
  - Researchers must advocate for their data
- IR is a university resource, and needs to be located where it will be of most university value.

## Thank you!

David Kalsbeek (<u>dkalsbee@depaul.edu</u>)
Liz Sanders (<u>lsander3@depaul.edu</u>)

Please contact us with questions and comments.